





converting 3D images into numerical models

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# Image Based-Mesh Generation for realistic Simulation of the Transcranial Current Stimulation

Ash Harkara
Business Manager



#### Presentation overview

Company overview

Software solutions

Case study

Summary



#### Simpleware

Develop and Sell world-leading image processing environment for the conversion of 3D images into models

- Founded in December 2000
- Sased in Exeter, United Kingdom
- Global customer base
- World-wide reseller network



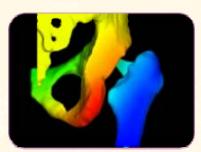
#### What we provide: Software

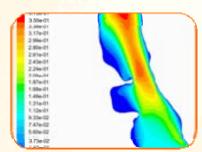
For conversion of 3D images into high quality models and meshes, which can be directly used for:

- Computer Aided Design (CAD)
- Finite Element Analysis (FEA)
- Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD)
- Rapid Prototyping (RP)









#### What we provide: Services

- Scanning and conversion services:
  - Phillips fMRI Scanner
  - Spiral CT Scanner
  - Converted to FEA, CFD, and/or STL and CAD files



- RP production of parts in:
  - Polymer (Laser SinterStation)
  - Metal (Selective Laser Melting Machine)



- Software development & support:
  - Adaptation of technology for tailored solutions
  - Full technical support





#### **Industries Applications**

Image-based meshing software and services for industrial applications in:

- Materials
- Natural Sciences
- Medical

## Process: Software solutions



#### Process overview - from scan to model

Scan data

simpleware

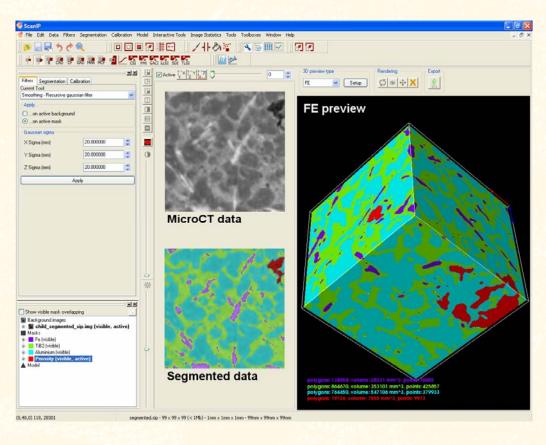
FE/CFD mesh & surface model

Image processing

Meshing



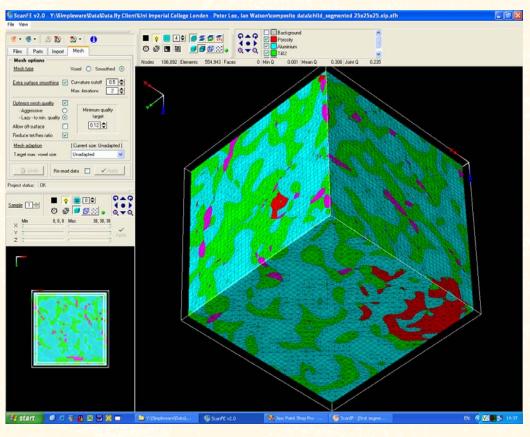
#### ScanIP software Image Processing/Segmentation



- Import industrial CT,
   MicroCT, X-ray
   tomography (XMT) files
- Segmentation
- Visualisation of complex data sets
- Conforming multi-part watertight STL meshes
- Accuracy contingent only on image quality
- Low distortion tesselation



#### \*ScanFE module FE/CFD mesh generation



- Single-step conversion to multi-part volumetric mesh
- User defined adaptive meshing
- Assignment of complex material properties based on signal strength
- Direct export to Abaqus,
   Ansys, Fluent, COMSOL,
   etc.

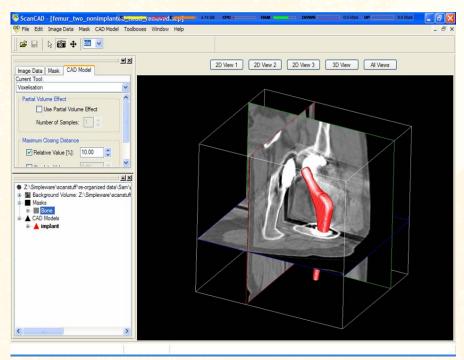
(no re-meshing necessary)

 FE model is exact replica of the STL

## +ScanCAD module Import and positioning of CAD data

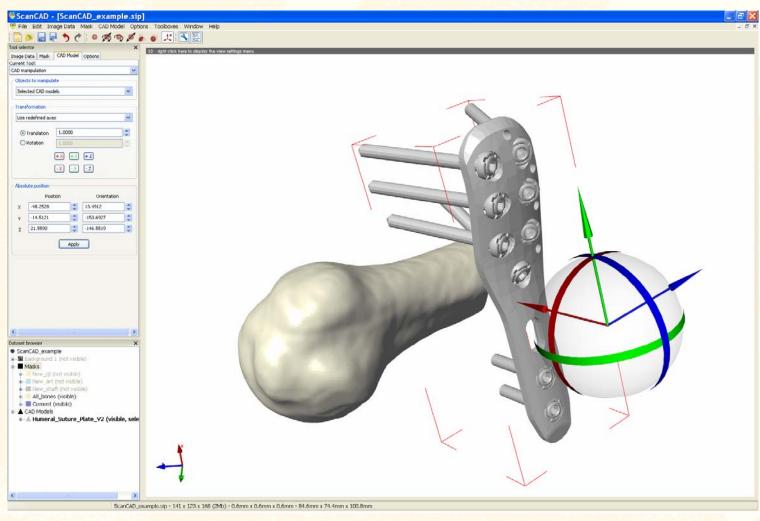
#### Features and benefits:

- Direct import of most common CAD formats and support of multiple CAD imports
- Intuitive 3D positioning widget
- Export of multi-part STL models (e.g. bone implant)
- Automated meshing for FE/CFD analysis





#### Proximal humerus fracture



Segmented masks from scan and imported CAD implant

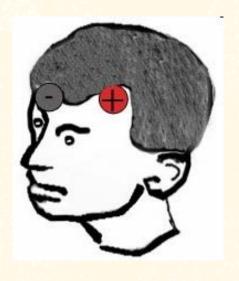
# Applications and Case study

## TRANSCRANIAL CURRENT STIMULATION





#### WHAT IS TRANSCRANIAL CURRENT STIMULATION ??





TCS is the application of currents delivered through the scalp to modulate brain activity.





#### **Benefits of TCS:**

Actively explored as a non-invasive therapeutic option for the treatment of neurological/psychological diseases...including depression, stroke, epilepsy, learning disorders, relieving pain.

Cheap and ease of use.

#### However:

A critical factor for TCS 'efficacy' and 'safety' is the spatial focality of stimulation.

Spatial focality = spatial extent of induced electric field in the brain

Currently used clinical protocol is 'unfocal'

#### Objective:

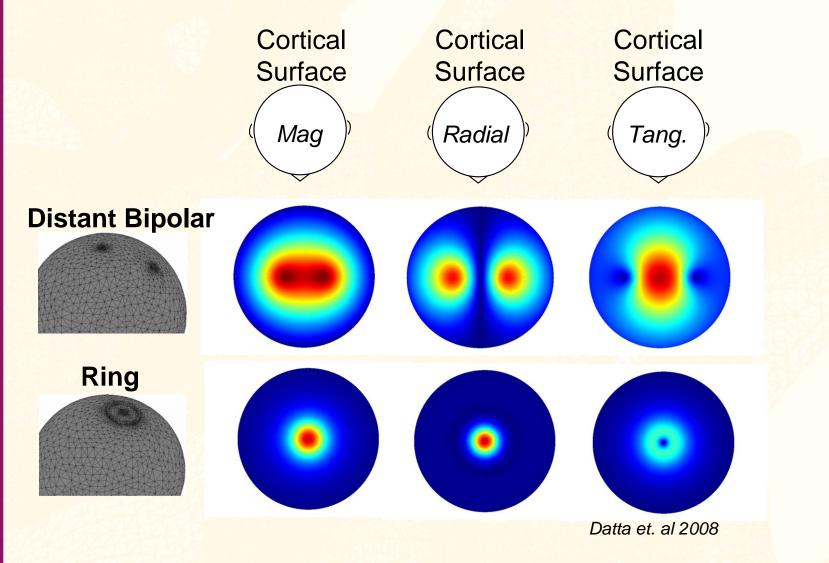
Examine Optimised electrode configuration and to develop Modulation maps that may guide anatomically and functionally targeted TCS application.







#### **PROOF OF CONCEPT**



More accurate head model desired in a clinical setting......

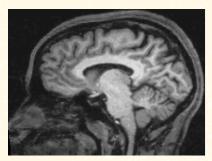


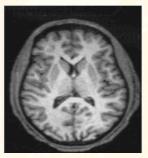


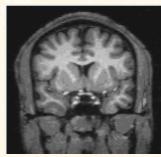
max

min

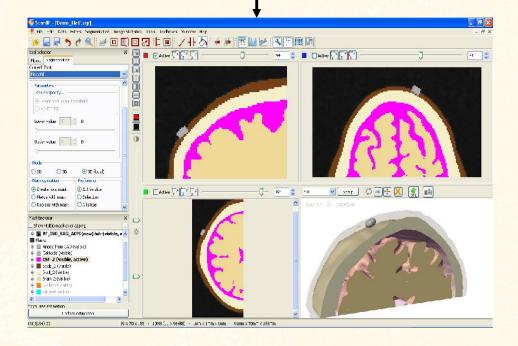
#### MRI DERIVED FINITE ELEMENT MODEL







Smoothing and segmentation algorithms of SIMPLEWARE LTD.

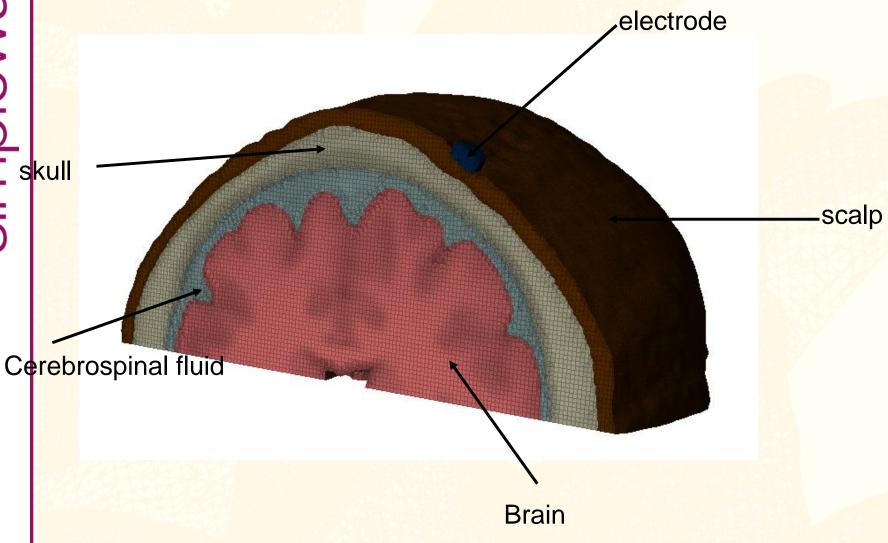






# Simpleware

#### **SUBDOMAIN SETTINGS**

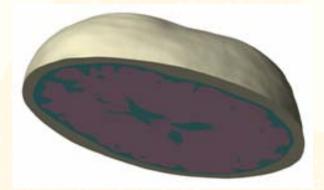


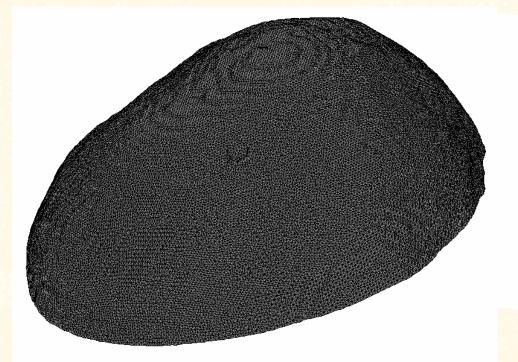


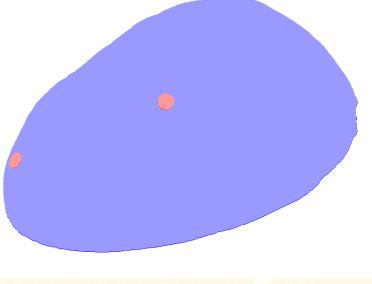


#### Meshes generated using SIMPLEWARE are imported into COMSOL







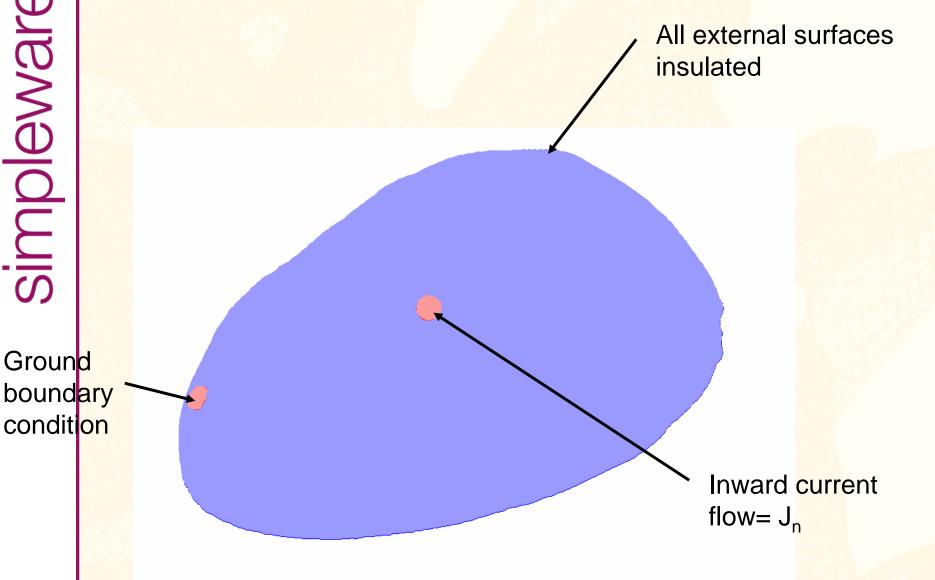






# simpleware

#### **BOUNDARY SETTINGS**







#### PHYSICS OF THE PROBLEM

The electric field in a volume conductor:

$$\nabla \cdot (\sigma \nabla V) = 0$$
 (V: potential;  $\sigma$ : conductivity)

uniform conductivity assumption Laplacian equation

SOLVER USED: conjugate gradients

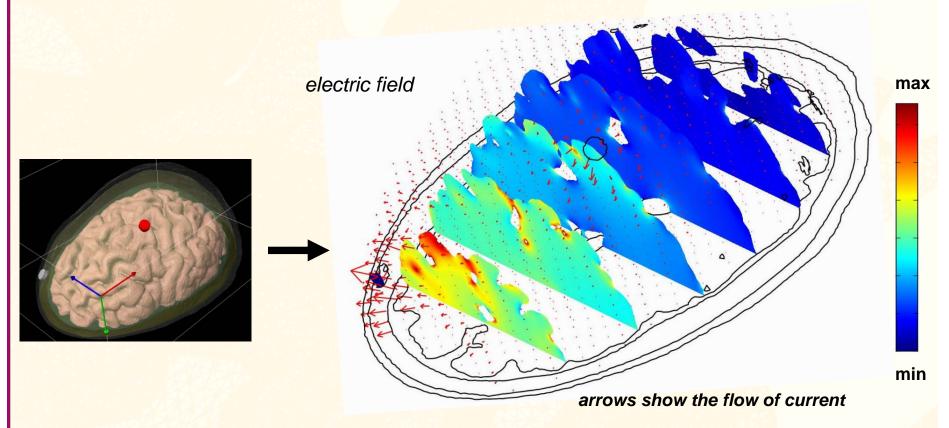
TOLERANCE: 1e-8.







#### **DISTANT BIPOLAR CONFIGURATION**



Commonly used configuration is poorly focused.....





### HOW TO PRACTICALLY IMPLEMENT A RING ELECTRODE ON THE HEAD...

- Head shape not smooth

- Impossible to maintain similar electrode-scalp impedance at all points....







#### PROPOSED CONFIGURATION



Would need more current to obtain similar efficacy...

Calculate using a FEM model...

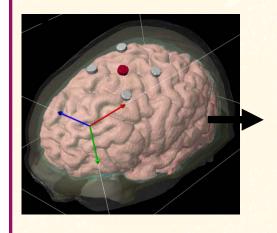
Advantage of using a ring configuration....

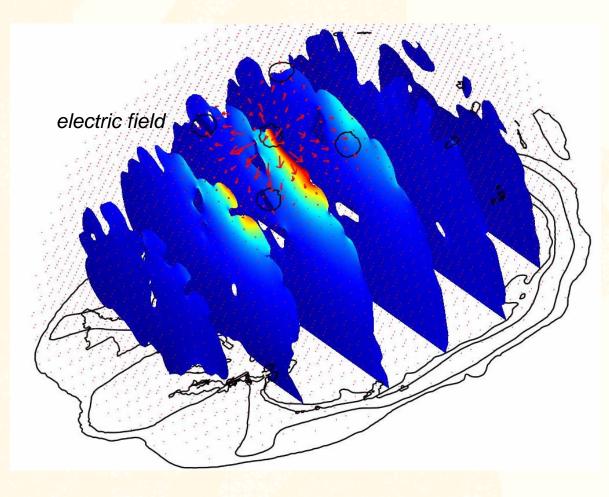






#### **4 x 1 RING CONFIGURATION**



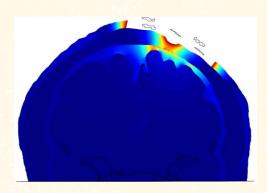


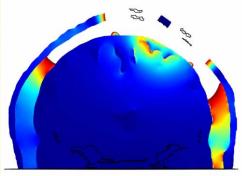
4 X 1 configuration leads to significant increases in focality

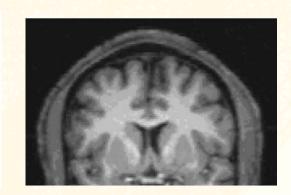




Guided by the FEM model, a **novel head gear** was developed to position the return electrode(s) and the active electrodes appropriately based on user needs....







Current Density in brain / CSF E-field in brain / CSF

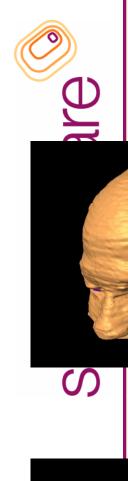
MRI slice

Our models give sub-gyri/sulci specificity

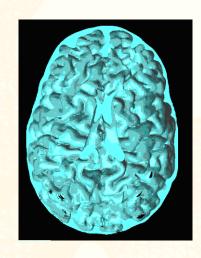


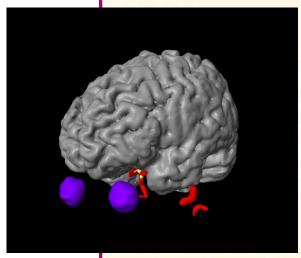


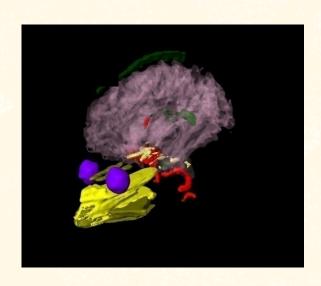


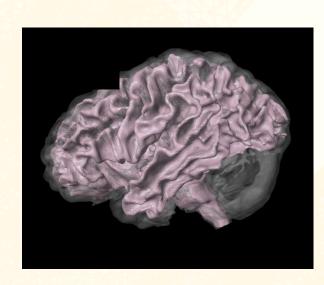














Superficial cortical regions can be selectively targeted using a 4 x 1 system.

Spatially optimal 4×1 ring configurations were selected based on the model predictions such that the peak induced cortical electric field was comparable to standard 2 electrode (bipolar) tDCS protocols.





#### Using Simpleware software you can

Robust and accurate models for simulation/analysis -

Explore influence of parameters on response of system (sensitivity studies); contribution of different phases, influence of assumed interfacial mechanics, ...



#### Advantages:

- Accuracy
- User Friendliness and very easy to use
- Material properties
- Coupled problems can be modelled seamlessly
- Suitable for Micro-CT data



#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

COMSOL Inc., Pejman Sehatpour (NKI), Eric Wasserman (NIH).

Abhishek Data: Department of Biomedical Engg. The city college of New York, University of New York. USA.





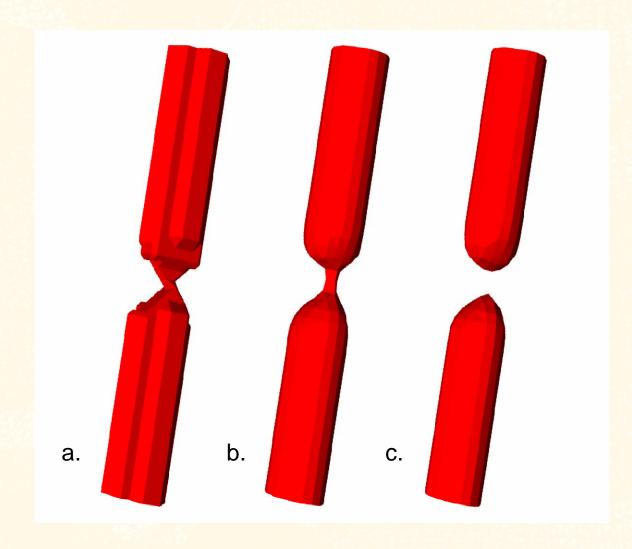
# Accelerate your Success With ScanIP/ScanFE/ScanCAD

Q&A



### Imaged-based accuracy: Topology preservation

No loss of structures

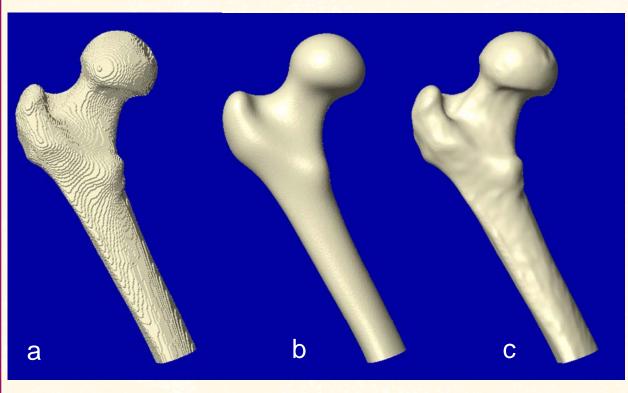


- a. Original image, unsmoothed
- b. Topology preserving smoothing
- c. Non-topology preserving smoothing



### Image-based accuracy: Volume preservation

Smooth without loss or gain of volume



- a. Original image, unsmoothed (203,238 mm<sup>3</sup>).
- b. Traditional smoothed (180,605 mm³, Δvolume = -11.14%)
- c. Simpleware developed (202,534 mm³, Δvolume = -0.35%)

#### User defined mesh refinement

Meshes of variable element density

